

How to Access & Use Opioid Data Sources for Local Planning Christina Andrews, PhD
Laura Bogardus, PhD
Jodi Manz, MSW
Monday, March 18, 2024

# Welcome and Housekeeping

- Please keep your lines muted
- Feel free to put questions in the chat box, or hold them for Q & A at the end of the presentation
- Slides will be posted to www.addictioncenterofexcellence.sc.gov

# South Carolina for South Carolina

The Center of Excellence in Addiction is a collaboration of state agencies and universities that is **maximizing**South Carolina's **opioid** and **addiction knowledge** and **resources**.



# Today's Speakers



**Dr. Christina Andrews**Associate Professor
University of South Carolina





Dr. Laura S. Bogardus
Associate Director
Clemson University Center for Addiction &
Mental Health Research

# APPLYING SC DATA

# Laura Bogardus, PhD

Clemson University

Center for Addiction and Mental Health Research

South Carolina Center of Excellence in Addiction

# NEEDS ASSESSMENT ASSESS THE CURRENT LANDSCAPE WITH DATA

#### **Provide Data on**

- Prevention
- Harm Reduction
- Treatment
- Recovery

#### To Do

- Local Demographics & Statistics
- Asset Inventory
- Gap Analysis
- Select Strategy(ies)

#### BASELINE SUD STATISTICS, IDENTIFY COMMUNITY ASSETS, DETERMINE GAPS

# Demographics (age, gender, race/ethnicity, urban/rural, zip/county) Social Determinants (housing, transportation, social support, job)

Many More Options

```
# overdose fatalities
# non-fatal overdoses
# EMS responses to possible overdoses
# ED visits for overdose
# hospitalization rates for overdose
# SUD diagnosis and treatment rates
# MOUD prescriptions

# tested for communicable diseases
# testing positive for communicable diseases
# connected to treatment for communicable diseases
# connected to professional mental health care
# connected to peer supports
```

```
#, location of health care providers

# Healthcare providers authorized to prescribe MOUD

# Providers offering harm reduction, drug checking, syringe services
```

#, capacity of SUD services

#### Barriers to SUD services

- Distance / transportation barriers
- Technology barriers (# telehealth providers, access)
- Culturally relevant SUD services (language / translation, workforce representation by demographic)

Drug Offenses (#, rates, clearances by county – SLED) Incarceration rates (#, types of charges, convictions)

# IMPLEMENTATION PLAN STRATEGIES / GOALS / MEASURES / TIMELINE

- Strategy and Plan to Implement Selected Strategies
  - Identify abatement strategies
  - SMART goals
  - Performance Measurement Plan
  - Timeline

The South Carolina Opioid Recovery Fund must be used for one or more of the

following approved opioid remediation uses. The Core Strategies are given priority and include the following:

- Naloxone or Other FDA-Approved Drug to Reverse Opioid Overdoses;
- Medication-Assisted Treatment (MAT) Distribution and Other Opioid-Related Treatment;
- Pregnant and Postpartum Women;
- Expanding Treatment for Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome (NAS);
- Expansion of Warm Handoff Programs and Recovery Services;
- Treatment for Incarcerated Population;
- Prevention Programs;
- Expanding Syringe Service Programs; and
- Evidence-Based Data Collection and Research Analyzing the Effectiveness of the Abatement Strategies within the State.

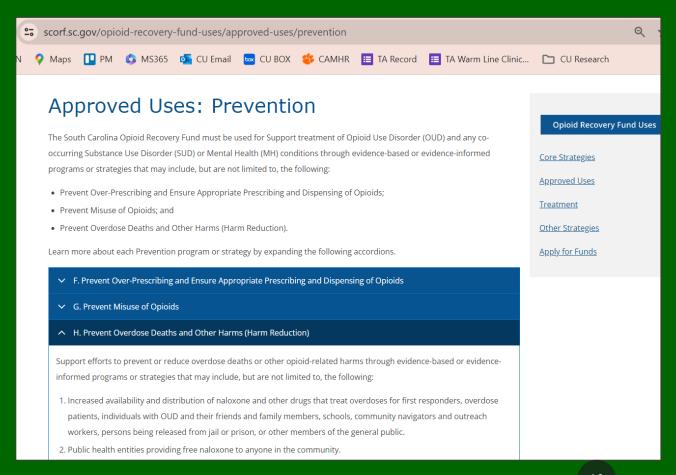
## TIPS FOR APPLICATION SUCCESS

- 1. Only approved strategies AND approved uses
- 2. Follow guidelines closely. Scoring system. Early deadline. Proofread!
- Determine what others are doing
- 4. Connect with community partners
- 5. Focus on deliverables

#### 1. Only Approved Strategies AND Approved Uses per Guidelines



https://scorf.sc.gov/opioid-recovery-fund-uses/approved-uses



## 2. Follow Proposal Guidelines closely. Scoring. Early deadline. Proofread.



✓ Discretionary SubFund

proposal-requirements

💡 Maps 🔃 PM 💪 MS365 🍒 CU Email 🔤 CU BOX 👙 CAMHR 🖽 TA Record 🖽 TA Warm Line Clinic... 🗀 CU Rese Discretionary Subfund Application Scoring Process Applications will be reviewed and scored using the following criteria: https://scorf.sc.gov/apply-for-funds/technical-Technical Proposal (25 points)

> Budget (10 points) **Scoring Criteria** Technical Proposal (25 points)

· Qualifications and Experience (15 points)

Outstanding Very Good | Good | Marginal Qualifications and Experience (15 points) Outstanding Very Good Good Marginal

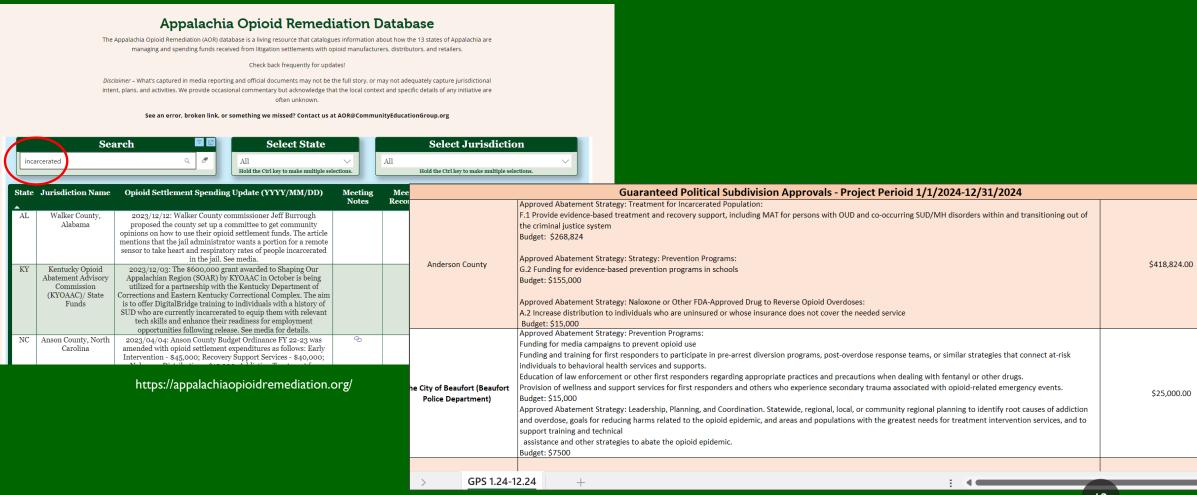
#### Apply for Opioid Recovery Funds

The South Carolina Opioid Recovery Fund Board (SCORF) will be accepting applications through the website on the following dates:

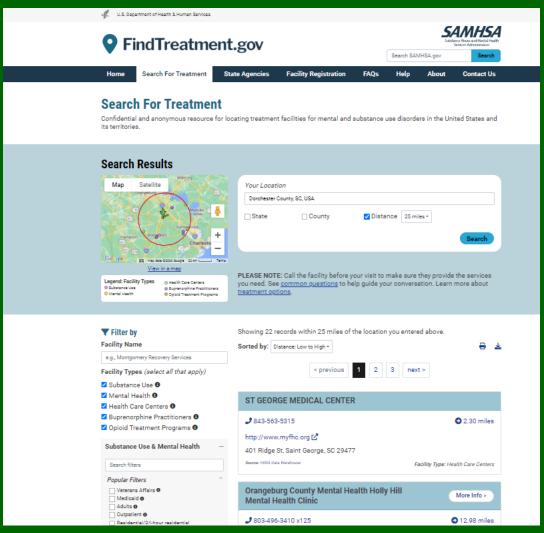
Dates for 2024 GPS Applications							
ТҮРЕ	Application portal open			Project period end date			
GPS	9/14/2023	10/15/2023	1/1/2024	12/31/2024			
GPS	12/20/2023	2/5/2024	4/1/2024	3/31/2025			
GPS	4/1/2024	5/3/2024	7/1/2024	6/30/2025			
GPS	7/3/2024	8/5/2024	10/1/2024	9/30/2025			
Dates for 2024 DSF Applications							
New Applicants	11/1/2023	2/15/2024	10/1/2024	9/30/2025			
DSF Continuation	4/1/2024	5/15/2024	10/1/2024	9/30/2025			

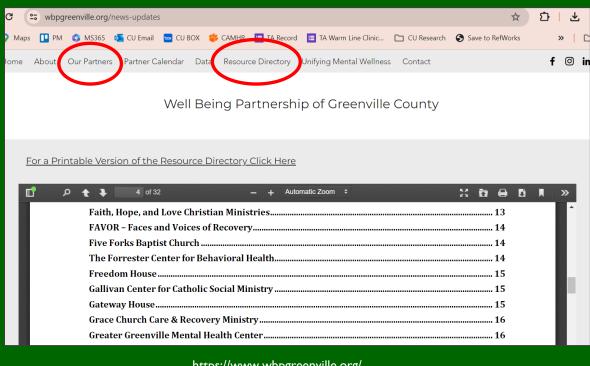
https://scorf.sc.gov/apply-for-funds

## 3. Determine what others who have been funded are doing.



## 4. Connect with Community partners and stakeholders





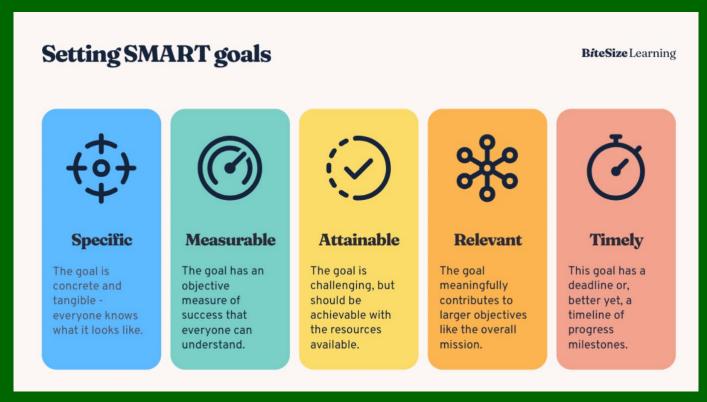
https://www.wbpgreenville.org/

#### **CoE Opioid Abatement Strategy TA**

https://addictioncenterofexcellence.sc.gov/technical-assistance

#### 5. Focus on Deliverables – What will you improve? How will you count it?

## Connect Outcome Measures to Abatement Strategy Goals



# 5. Deliverables – What change do you seek? Increase, no change, decrease?

Demographics (age, gender, race/ethnicity, urban/rural, zip/county)
Social Determinants (housing, transportation, social support, job)

# Many More Options

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Drug Offenses (#, rates, clearances by county – SLED) Incarceration rates (#, types of charges, convictions)

# 5. Deliverables – Measuring performance

Construct	Measure	Baseline	Post-test	I Mo F-up	3 Mo F-up
Depression	Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ) (Kroenke et al., 2001)	X	X	X	X
Knowledge of Resources	Knowledge of resources scale (Swartout et al., 2019)	X	X	X	X
Referrals to Resources # of referrals to medical, behavioral, trauma-focused treatment	Chart History; Survey of PSS referrals	X	X	X	X
Service Use % accepted referral; # of visits in 3 months prior to/after the study	Chart History: Medical, Behavioral, Trauma-Specific	X	X	X	X
Recruitment and Retention	Enrollment and attendance tracking, % of assessments completed		X	Х	X
Feasibility	Peer Support Specialist Interviews Qualitative survey items- feedback on protocol		Х		

# **TIP – Read Final Report Templates**

A	В	С				
	Final Project Report					
-	30	uth Carolina Opioid Recovery Fund				
		A sector to construct and to the sector the sector the sector of the terror to the terror to the terror of the construction of				
		A project overview should include the project's purpose, the required abatement strategies and how those strategies worked in action. It also includes a brief look at the issue or opportunity that was				
		addressed, the project objectives and success metrics. This includes the initial goals of the project, how				
		many of those goals were achieved and what objectives may have adjusted during the project. Your				
1	Project Overview	overview can also include a summary statement at the end that indicates what the report includes.				
	Project overview	This section refers to the KPIs, performance metrics and how success was defined for this specific				
2	Success Criteria Performance	project. Explain how, when or if the project achieved its performance goals.				
-	Success circera i circinanec	In a section below the overview, plese explain what key performance indicators (KPIs) were used to				
		measure success, the outcome targets and any achievements in hitting those targets. Consider listing the				
		outcome targets in a table that describes what the target was, the project completion date and the actual				
		completion date. This section analyzes the entire project in relation to these success metrics and				
3	Accomplishments, Outcomes and Result	recounts what caused each positive or negative outcome.				
	' '	This section details the challenges and risks faced throughout the project timeline and includes				
		information like how these challenges affected other areas of the project, such as the budget and				
		timetable. You can also list barriers, such as working conditions or budget limitations. This can be				
4	Challenges and Barriers	helpful for future reference when planning other projects.				
		Listing the challenges that were overcame during the project and what was learned in the process that				
		may be helpful for future reference. When working on future projects you may look at this information to				
		avoid the same challenges. Please list future recommendations for implementing or completing projects				
		based on the experiences of the project being reportd. These recommendations can improve the overall				
		completion and reception of other projects. Recommendations can include timeline suggestions,				
5	Lessons Learned/Solutions	comments on the use of resources or budget adjustments for similar projects.				
		This section describes the schedule and budget set for the project and if the project stayed within those				
6	Budget Performance	limits in this section. If the project didn't stay within those limits, list the reasons.				
		The financial summary of the project closure report lists the cost of each abatement strategy, ongoing				
		costs, the projected budget and the actual money spent. You can format this section as two tables				
		separated by the abatement strategy's costs and ongoing costs to improve readability and effectively				
		organize the project's financial information. The bottom of the table may also include a notes section to				
7	Financial Summany	explain any variances in cost or additional reasons for requesting more funds if you needed them to complete the project.				
7	Financial Summary	complete the project.				
0						

## **Data Sources & Evidence Based Strategies Handout**









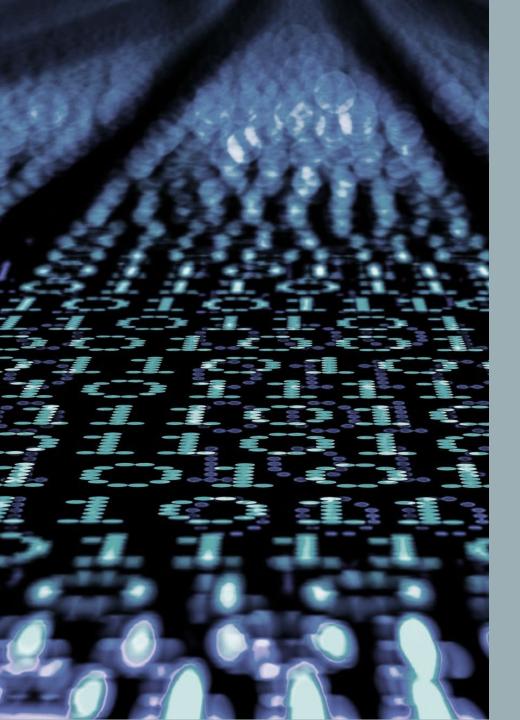
## Data Sources and Evidence-Based Strategies for the Treatment of Opioid Use Disorder (OUD)

#### General Repository:

- CaroNova's Online Library for Opioid Stewardship
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Evidence-Based Strategies for Preventing Opioid Overdose
- Comprehensive Opioid, Stimulant, and Substance Use Program (COSSUP)
- Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) Resources for Opioid Overdose
- South Carolina SBIRT
- The American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM) National Practice Guideline for the Treatment of Opioid Use Disorder

#### Data Sources:

- Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP)
- Appalachia Opioid Remediation Database
- CDC Underlying Cause of Death Database
- Overdose Detection Mapping Application Program
- SAMHSA Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) 2021: Admissions/Discharges from SUD Treatment



# How to Access and Use Opioid Data Sources for Local Planning

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Darla Moore School of Business

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- ✓ Inform needs assessment and planning
- ✓ Identify emerging challenges early to allow for proactive responses
- √ Track trends and progress over time
- ✓ Pinpoint specific areas in great need of resources to invest resources most efficiently
- ✓ Document needs and outcomes to funders



# Challenges to Using Data

- Cost of accessing data
- Infrastructure required to collect and store data
- Data application processes
- Requirements of data use agreements
- Staff expertise to analyze data
- Time to do all of these things!



## Today's Roadmap

- Today, we are going to focus on free, publicly available data sources that you can download and use today:
  - Opioid mortality by county, year, and selected demographic characteristics (CDC Wonder)
  - Availability of substance use disorder treatment services and medications by zip code and county (FindTreatment.gov)
  - Health care availability and social determinants of health (HRSA Area Health Resource Files)
- Share resources for more data sources for those who want to pursue more advanced analytic aims

# Tracking Overdoses

#### BENEFITS

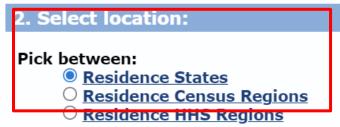
- The CDC's WONDER database provides data on drug-related overdose mortality at the <u>county level on a very timely basis</u>
- Data can be broken down across many <u>demographic characteristics</u>, including race, ethnicity, age, gender, urbanicity, etc.
- More granular data also available at SC DAODAS's <u>Just Plain Killers</u> website, although it is updated less frequently

#### **DRAWBACKS**

- Prior work has established <u>underreporting</u>
  of overdoses, and the frequency of
  underreporting may vary across counties
- <u>Small values are suppressed</u>, which can be a problem for smaller counties and for folks interested breaking down overdose rates across demographic characteristics
- Newly-released data is provisional and hence not fully complete or accurate

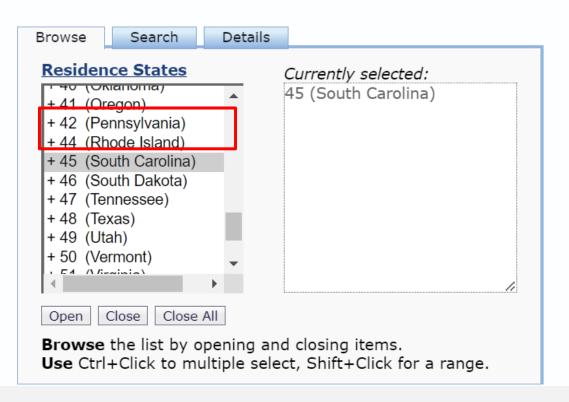
# Provisional Mortality Statistics, 2018 through Last Week Request Deaths occurring through February 24, 2024 as of March 03, 2024

Request Form Res	sults Map Chart About					
Multiple Cause of Dea	th Data Dataset Documentation Other Data Access Data	a Use Restrictions How to Use WONDER	Save Reset			
	Make all desired selections and then o	click any <b>Send</b> button one time to send your request.				
1. Organize table	e layout:		Send Help			
Group Results By	Residence State	Notes:				
And By	Residence County	Group Results By "15 Leading Causes" to see the top 15 rankable	e causes selected			
And By	None	from the corresponding 113 or 130 Cause List. More information.				
And By	None					
And By	None					
Measures (Default measures always checked and included. Check box to include any others.)  ☑ Deaths ☑ Population ☑ Crude Rate  For crude rates: ☐ 95% Confidence Interval ☐ Standard Error  ☐ Age Adjusted Rate ☐ 95% Confidence Interval ☐ Standard Error ☐ Percent of Total Deaths						



**Browse** or **search** to find items in the Residence States Finder Tool, then **highlight** the items to use for this request. (The *Currently selected* box displays all current request items.)

<u>Finder Tool Help</u> <u>Advanced Finder Options</u>



Send

#### Pick between:

Occurrence 2013 Urbanization Occurrence 2006 Urbanization

#### Occurrence 2013 Urbanization

All Categories

Large Central Metro

Large Fringe Metro

Medium Metro

Small Metro

Micropolitan (Nonmetro)

NonCore (Nonmetro)

#### 3. Select demographics:

Send Help

Hint: Use Ctrl + Click for multiple selections, or Shift + Click for a range.

#### Pick between:

Ten-Year Age Groups

Five-Year Age Groups

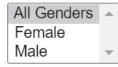
Single-Year Ages

Infant Age Groups

#### Ten-Year Age Groups



#### <u>Gender</u>



#### <u>Hispanic Origin</u>

All Origins
Hispanic or Latino
Not Hispanic or Latino
Not Stated

#### Pick between:

Single Race 6 Single Race 15 Single/Multi Race 31

#### Single Race 6

All Races
American Indian or Alaska Native
Asian
Black or African American
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
White
More than one race

Default rates per 100,000

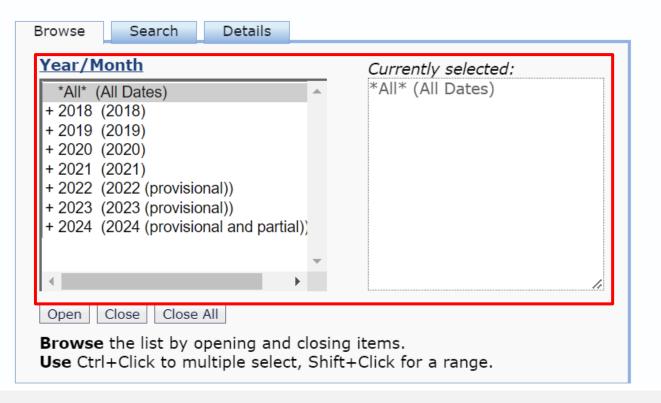
#### 4. Select time period of death:

Pick between Year/Month of Death, or MMWR Year / MMWR Week of Death.

- Year/Month of Death
- O MMWR Year / MMWR Week of Death

**Browse** or **search** to find items in the Year/Month Finder Tool, then **highlight** the items to use for this request. (The *Currently selected* box displays all current request items.)

<u>Finder Tool Help</u> <u>Advanced Finder Options</u>



Click a button to select ICD codes by Chapters or by Groups.

O UCD - ICD-10 Codes

O UCD - ICD-10 130 Cause List (Infants)

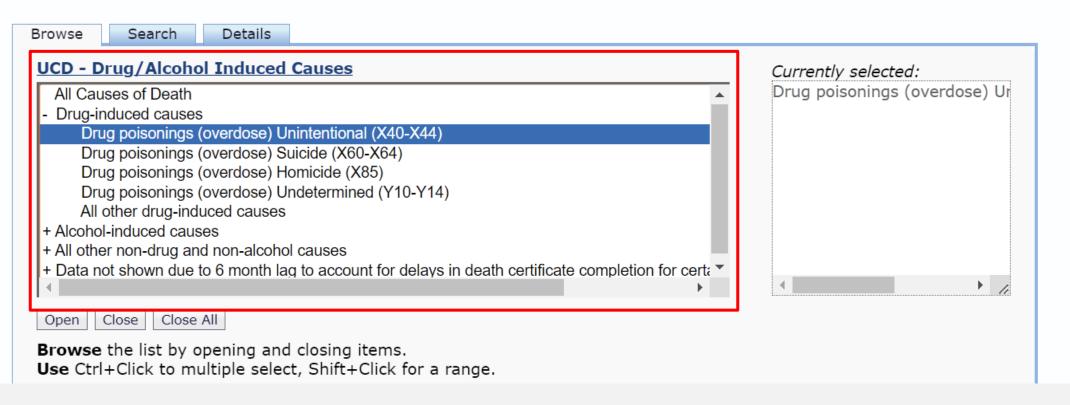
OUCD - ICD-10 113 Cause List

O UCD - Injury Intent and Mechanism

UCD - Drug/Alcohol Induced Causes

**Browse** or **search** to find items in the UCD - Drug/Alcohol Induced Causes Finder Tool, then **highlight** the items to use for this request. (The *Currently selected* box displays all current request items.)

<u>Finder Tool Help</u> <u>Advanced Finder Options</u>



# 8. Other options: Export Results (Check box to download results to a file) Show Totals Show Zero Values Show Suppressed Values Precision 1 decimal places Data Access Timeout 10 minutes

# Provisional Mortality Statistics, 2018 through Last Week Results

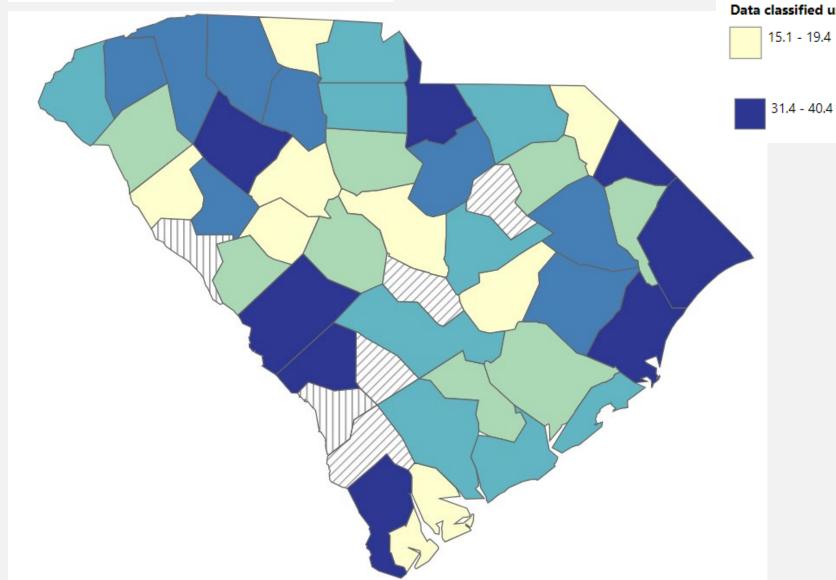
Deaths occurring through February 24, 2024 as of March 03, 2024

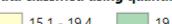
Request Form	Results	Мар	Chart	About							
<u>Multiple Cause</u>	e of Death Data	<u>Datase</u>	et Documen	tation Other D	ata Access	Help for Results	Printing Tips	Help with Exports		Save Expo	rt Reset
Quick Option	s	More Option	ns	API Optio	ns				Тор	Notes Citation	Query Criteria

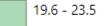
Residence States: South Carolina (45); UCD - Drug/Alcohol Induced Causes: Drug poisonings (overdose) Unintentional (X40-X44)

Residence State 👃	Residence County	→ Deaths ↑↓	Population	← Crude Rate Per 100,000 🛧
South Carolina (45)	Abbeville County, SC (45001)	33	170,839	19.3
South Carolina (45)	Aiken County, SC (45003)	386	1,206,394	32.0
South Carolina (45)	Allendale County, SC (45005)	Suppressed	56,517	Suppressed
South Carolina (45)	Anderson County, SC (45007)	330	1,443,044	22.9
South Carolina (45)	Bamberg County, SC (45009)	13	94,160	Unreliable
South Carolina (45)	Barnwell County, SC (45011)	46	144,605	31.8
South Carolina (45)	Beaufort County, SC (45013)	205	1,357,354	15.1
South Carolina (45)	Berkeley County, SC (45015)	369	1,657,037	22.3
South Carolina (45)	Calhoun County, SC (45017)	17	100,329	Unreliable
South Carolina (45)	Charleston County, SC (45019)	724	2,906,153	24.9
South Carolina (45)	Cherokee County, SC (45021)	67	396,109	30 16.9

#### Crude Rate for South Carolina









24 - 26.3





Suppressed Unreliable



# Assessing Treatment Availability

#### BENEFITS

- SAMHSA's FindTreatment.gov (National Substance Use and Mental Health Services Survey) provides information on treatment service and medication availability
- Data is available at a <u>very granular level</u> and includes specific addresses of providers
- Information includes specific information about the <u>types of treatment services and</u> <u>medications provided</u> and is updated annually

#### DRAWBACKS

- This is <u>not a complete census</u> of all available providers—only those who agree to be included on the website
- Some providers in the database <u>may not</u> <u>actually be providing advertised services</u>
- The database does <u>not provide information on</u> <u>facility capacity</u>
- <u>Cannot be used to measure trends</u> over time unless one intentionally builds a database with point-in-time measures





Search SAMHSA.gov

Search

Home

**Search For Treatment** 

**State Agencies** 

**Facility Registration** 

**FAQs** 

Help

About

Contact Us

# Millions of Americans have mental and substance use disorders. Find treatment here.

Welcome to FindTreatment.gov, the confidential and anonymous resource for persons seeking treatment for mental and substance use disorders in the United States and its territories.

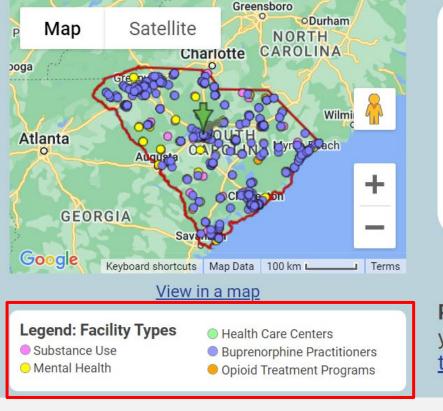


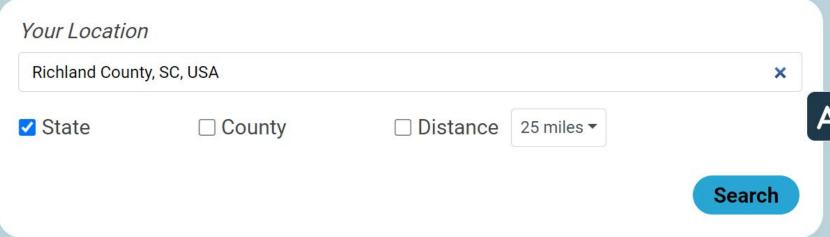
# Find a Treatment Facility

Enter your address, city, zip code, or facility name



# **Search Results**





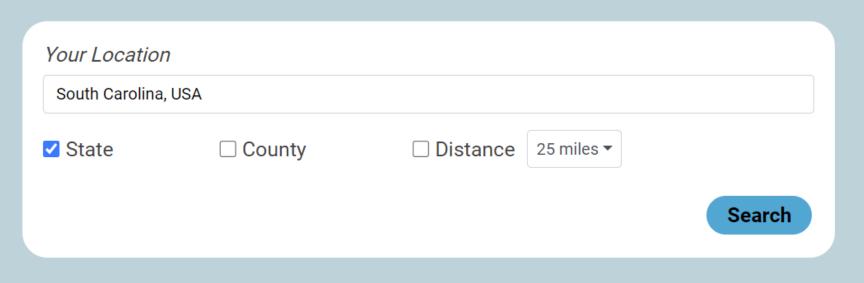
**PLEASE NOTE:** Call the facility before your visit to make sure they provide the services you need. See <u>common questions</u> to help guide your conversation. Learn more about <u>treatment options</u>.

Substance Use & Mental Health	_
Search filters	
Popular Filters	^
☐ Veterans Affairs <b>⑤</b>	
☐ Medicaid <b>⑤</b>	
Adults 1	
Outpatient   Outpatient	
Residential/24-hour residential	
□ Telemedicine/telehealth therapy      ⑤	
Type of Care	^
☐ Substance use treatment <b>⑤</b>	
☐ Treatment for co-occurring substance use plus either serious mental health illness in adults/serious emotional disturbance in children   ①	

Service Setting (e.g., Outpatient, Residential, Inpatient, etc.)	^
<ul><li>Hospital inpatient/24-hour hospital inpatient </li><li>Outpatient </li></ul>	
Residential/24-hour residential	
Medication Therapy	^
Non-nicotine smoking/tobacco cessation	0
Treatment Approaches	^
☐ Cognitive behavioral therapy <sup>3</sup>	
☐ Telemedicine/telehealth therapy <b>⑤</b>	
<u>Facility Operation (e.g., Private, Public)</u>	^
<ul> <li>Local, county, or community government</li> </ul>	
Department of Defense	
Indian Health Services	
Private for-profit organization	
Private non-profit organization	25
State government   State government	35

# **Search Results**





**PLEASE NOTE:** Call the facility before your visit to make sure they provide the services you need. See common questions to help guide your conversation. Learn more about treatment options.



#### **Facility Name**

e.g., Montgomery Recovery Services

Facility Types (select all that apply)

Substance Use 6

Showing 102 records in the state of South Carolina.

Sorted by: Distance: Low to High ▼



< previous









11

next >

36

# Measuring Local Capacity

#### BENEFITS

- HRSA's Area Resource File includes extensive data at the county level
- Includes data on health professionals, facilities, health care utilization rates and expenditures, shortage areas, and other of community indicators
- Measurement of these <u>contextual factors</u> can be important in making the case for community need

#### DRAWBACKS

- Data on health care utilization and expenditures is not comprehensive and limited to subset of reporting facilities
- While longitudinal data is available, the <u>files require linkage across multiple datasets</u>, which can be complex to perform
- The Area Resource File does not provide any data points specific to opioid use disorder or overdose-related mortality

B. B-1) B-2) B-3) B-4) B-5) B-6) B-7) C-1) C-2) C-4) C-5) C-7) C-8) D-1) D-3) D-4) D-5) E-1) E-2) E-3) E-4)	HEALTH PROFESSIONS Physicians Dentists Physician Assistants Nurses Chiropractors Optometrists Podiatrists HEALTH FACILITIES Hospital Type Hospital Services (or Facilities) Hospital Employment Medicare Fee-For-Service Readmission Data Preventable Hospital Stays Rate Nursing and Other Health Facilities Community Health Centers (CHC) National Health Service Corps (NHSC) UTILIZATION Utilization Rate Inpatient Days Outpatient Visits Surgical Operations and Operating Rooms Medicare FFS Emergency Department Data EXPENDITURES Hospital Expenditures Medicare Advantage Rates Veteran Expenditures Data	F. F- 1) F- 2) F- 3) F- 4) F- 5) F- 6) F- 7) F- 8) F- 9) F- 10) F- 11) F- 12) F- 13) F- 14) F- 15) F- 16) F- 17) F- 18) F- 19) F- 20) F- 21) F- 22) F- 23) F- 24) F- 25) F- 26) F- 27) F- 28)	POPULATION Population Estimates Population Counts and Number of Families and Households Population Percent Labor Force Per Capita Incomes Income Persons and Families Below Poverty Level Deep Poverty Ratio of Income to Poverty Level Median Family Income Household Income Medicare Enrollment Data Medicare Fee-For-Service Demographic Data Medicare Advantage Penetration Medicare Prescription Drug Plan (PDP) Penetration Health Insurance Estimates Marketplace Health Insurance Enrollment Disability Data Food Stamp/SNAP Recipient Estimates Social Security Program Supplemental Security Income Program Recipients 5-Year Infant Mortality Rates Mortality Data Total Deaths Natality Data Births in Hospitals Total Births Education
E- 3)	Medicare Advantage Rates	F-27)	Total Births

#### https://data.hrsa.gov/data/download?data=WorkforceProjections#WorkforceProjections



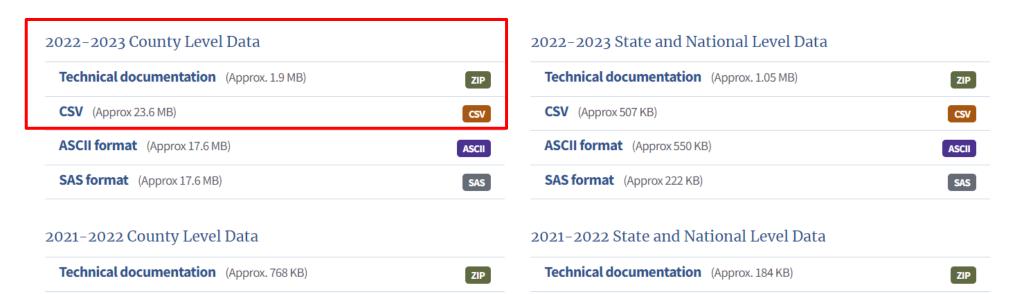
# Data Downloads

#### Area Health Resources Files 6



#### Note:

- The 2022-2023 AHRF contains a number of changes (e.g., new variable names, subset files in CSV format). Please review "What's New" in the AHRF technical documentation for more information.
- Please contact NCHWAInquiries@hrsa.gov for technical questions about the Area Health Resources Files (AHRF) data. Historical data are available for some variables in the AHRF county level data file. Please review the AHRF Technical Documentation (excel) for a list of variables and years included in the published data file.





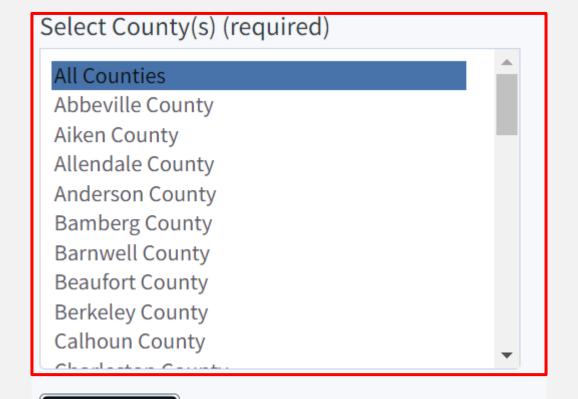
# **HPSA Find**

Find data on the geographic, population, and facility <u>HPSA designations</u> throughout the United States.

## Use this tool to:

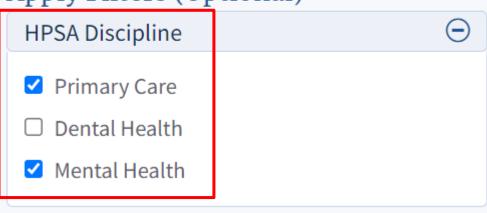
- > Search HPSAs by location or HPSA ID
- > Filter HPSAs by discipline, status, type, score, and rural status



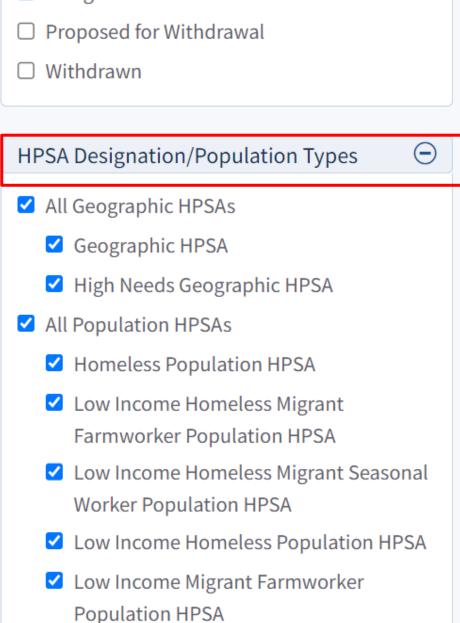


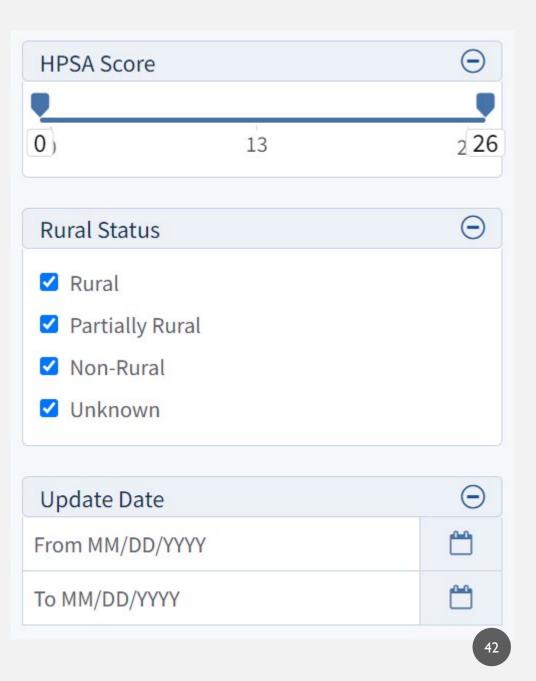


# Apply Filters (Optional)









	Discipline	HPSA ID 🙃	HPSA Name 🛈	Designation Type 🛈	Primary State Name ①	County Name 🛈	HPSA FTE Short
•	Primary Care	1455758029	Hampton County	Geographic HPSA	South Carolina	Hampton County, SC	2.90
•	Primary Care	1454197965	Allendale County	High Needs Geographic HPSA	South Carolina	Allendale County, SC	0.15
•	Primary Care	1457396008	Bamberg County	High Needs Geographic HPSA	South Carolina	Bamberg County, SC	1.00
•	Primary Care	1454747595	Barnwell County	High Needs Geographic HPSA	South Carolina	Barnwell County, SC	3.16



# Data Sources and Data-Linking Strategies to Support Research to Address the Opioid Crisis

FINAL REPORT

Data Description	Summary	<b>Examples of Important Measures</b>	Data Source Examples
National surveys	Description: Generally household or school-based surveys with self-reported information on drug use and health; other surveys are of hospitals, treatment facilities, or other medical service providers Geographic coverage: National Timing: Generally collected and available annually	Prescription opioid use, heroin use, opioid use disorder, medical conditions, health care utilization	National Survey on Drug Use and Health, National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey, National Survey of Substance Abuse Treatment Services Data, Medical Expenditure Panel Survey
EHR	Description: An EHR contains the medical and treatment histories of patients. However, it often contains more than standard clinical data, and may also include a broader view of a patient's care. EHRs may contain a patient's medical history, diagnoses, medications, treatment plans, allergies, radiology images, and laboratory and test results Geographic coverage: Varies by source Timing: Near-real time or real-time collection	Previously prescribed opioids or other medications; patient history, medications, clinical conditions, treatment plans, and lab/test results; may include clinician notes	Stanford Translational Research Integrated Database, HealthCore Integrated Research Database, Group Health Cooperative in Washington State
Claims data	Description: Patient-level claims data for reimbursement for services submitted by health care providers and pharmacies to insurance companies. Validated algorithms to identify opioid misuse or abuse from claims data are being developed Geographic coverage: Varies by source Timing: Varies by source	utilization	IQVIA, Symphony Health, Truven Marketscan data, Medicaid claims, Medicare Part D Prescription Drug Event data
Mortality records	Description: Death rates and causes of death by drug compound and/or International Classification of Diseases code. Additional information can include toxicology reports Geographic coverage: National or single state Timing: Generally available annually	Rates of opioid-involved deaths; drugs involved in overdose deaths	CDC WONDER Multiple-cause-of death data; Fatal Accident Reporting System; NDI
Prescription monitoring data	Description: Data systems to track and monitor the distribution or prescription of controlled substances Geographic coverage: Varies by source Timing: Varies by source	Opioid prescribing rates (by type); indicators of "doctor shopping," coprescribing of opioids and other controlled drugs, geographic variation in opioid distribution	Automation of Reports and Consolidated Orders System (ARCOS); state prescription drug-monitoring programs
Contextual and policy data	Description: Causal analyses of the effects of policy changes on opioid-related outcomes generally use data on state laws from these sources and/or includes controls for state or county characteristics to support causal interpretation Geographic coverage: National Timing: Varies, but generally semiannually	State opioid policies, state and county demographic and socioeconomic factors, state and county health care variables	Area Health Resources Files, Policy Surveillance System, PDAPS
Other national, state, and local sources	Description: Includes data collected through law enforcement, national public health surveillance systems (e.g., poison control center data, emergency department visit data), OEND program data, other hospitalization and emergency department data  Geographic coverage: Varies by source  Timing: Varies by source	Law enforcement drug seizures, nonfatal opioid overdose, opioid-related emergency department visits and hospitalizations, naloxone distribution through community organizations	NEMSIS, NPDS, HCUP emergency department and hospitalization data



#### Other Resources

- AHRQ's Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (longitudinal hospital care data)
- CDC's National Death Index Data
- Just Plain Killers: Overdose Deaths by County
- SAMHSA's Substance Abuse and Mental Health Data Archive (TEDS, NSDUH, N-SUMHSS)
- RAND Opioid Tools Policy and Information Center (OPTIC)
- South Carolina Revenue and Fiscal Affairs Office
- Temple University's Prescription Drug Abuse Policy System
- United States Census Bureau/American Community Survey

# April 30-May I

# https://scopioidsummit.org

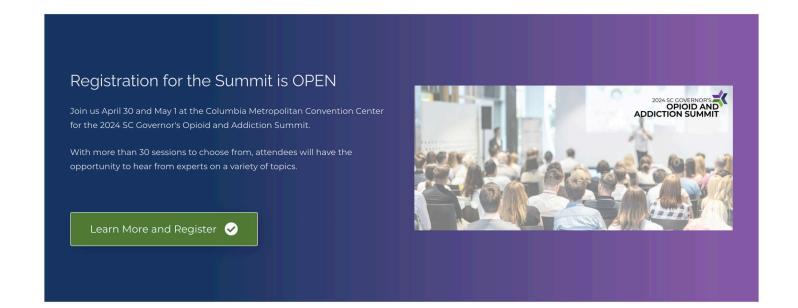


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CONTACT US







### **Technical Assistance**

Connection to the SC Center of Excellence in Addiction and associated resources:

- Provider Warmline for medical clinicians and practitioners
  - 864-914-1301, Mon Fri 9:00 am 5:00 pm
  - Consultation on assessing and treating substance use disorders
  - Harm reduction and overdose prevention
  - Medically-assisted treatment
  - Connections to community supports
  - Local news story on the warmline

#### Opioid Abatement Strategies

- Evidence-based strategies for opioid prevention and treatment
- Strategic planning and capacity building
- Data collection and analysis
- addictioncenterofexcellence.sc.gov or camhr@clemson.edu







# **Technical Assistance, cont.**

- ECHO (Extension for Community Healthcare Outcomes)
  - Trainings and tele-mentoring for stakeholders to address opioid abatement in their communities
  - Connect with leaders and experts and share with peers
  - https://addictioncenterofexcellence.sc.gov/training

# QUESTIONS?